### Fluctuating the Speckle is detected by 'Hinode' XRT according to solar activity

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### Solar Energetic Particle and Space Weather

• Flare and CME generate SEPs.

- SEPs generate "false" signal on the CCD image.
  - This study calls Speckle.
- Cause is secondary particles generated by collision with shield of SEPs.
  - Speckle becomes indication of how many SEPs flew on the satellite orbit.





Hinode / XRT 2012 / 03 / 07 UT

### Cause of speckle



図 4.7: シミュレーションで明らかになったバックグラウンド 粒子の起源: BI

#### Quote from Master thesis Katou 2007

- High energy particle collisions to shield.
- II. Electron generation occurs.
- III. The collision in CCD.

High energy particle collisions in CCD.

### Purpose

• SEP will cause a lot of space weather damage.

- > However, quantitative model of the SEP is not complete .
- For the character clarification of the SEP , it will focus on the CCD noise .
- Performs detection analysis of the Speckle using satellite data, to identify the cause of the variation.
  - It will continue to clarify the conditions to be observed.

### Observation equipment Using data

- Used equipment
  - > Hinode / X Ray Telescope (XRT)
- Orbit
  - > Sun-synchronous polar orbit
    - Altitude 680 km
- Used data
  - > Flare time patrol image
  - Image size : 256 × 256 pix
  - > Time resolution : 30 sec
  - > Used filter : Ti\_poly
  - Exposure time : 8.8msec(Ave.)
- Analysis object
  - Solar proton event







Hinode / XRT 7<sup>th</sup> Mar. 2012



### Character of speckle in HINODE XRT JAXA/ISAS, SIRIUS 7-Mar-2012 13:36:57.488 UT



2012/03/07 12:07

SOHO / LASCO (C3)

7th Mar. 2012

 Speckle size is small and short than SOHO/LASCO's it .

#### OCD camera of the XRT is made Si.

- The energy required to produce the Speckle could be estimated to about 50keV per pixel.
- I continue calculated the energy of the particles at the time of collision.

# Time variation of detected number of speckles



Start Time (07-Mar-12 00:00:05)

 Analysis results of 7<sup>th</sup> Mar. 2012.

 X5.4 and X1.3 Flare occurred 0:02 and 1:05 UT.

 After flares occur , speckles increase after a few hours.

 There is a cycle in the increase or decrease of the speckles.

### Consideration for background



- Analyzed data for 16<sup>th</sup> Jan.
  2010.
  - > AR are less .
  - Large flare and CME didn't occur.
  - >  $Med.BG_{speckle} = 0.013$







### Consideration for background





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# Periodicity of speckle number





 Detection number increased in certain timing .

 There is an increase of decrease in a particular location. Hinode Orbital period Speckle Detection cycle F = 0.335

5900 [sec]

Slow Fourie Torancefome

2980 [sec]

# Periodicity of speckle number



 Speckle has been found to increase in the polar region in orbit.

 It increased at 60 degrees or more from latitude 55 degrees is happening.

### Nor. Hem. 2012-03-07 12 Sou. Hem. 2012-03-07

Magnetic

pole



Speckle Num.[Num./cm ^ 2 sr s]

### Comparison GOES Proton Flux

### During the Hinode moving above the polar region.



• Speckles were a change similar to the GOES .

 Using the data of a plurality of satellites, we will consider the effects of the surrounding environment.

### Summary

• Speckle is an index to measure the inflow of particles.

• Using the data of Hinode / XRT, it was detected Speckle.

Speckles were a change similar to the GOES above the polar region.

 The energy required to produce the speckle was estimated to 50keV per 1 pixcel.

Go conducted consider plasma flow path and energy.